



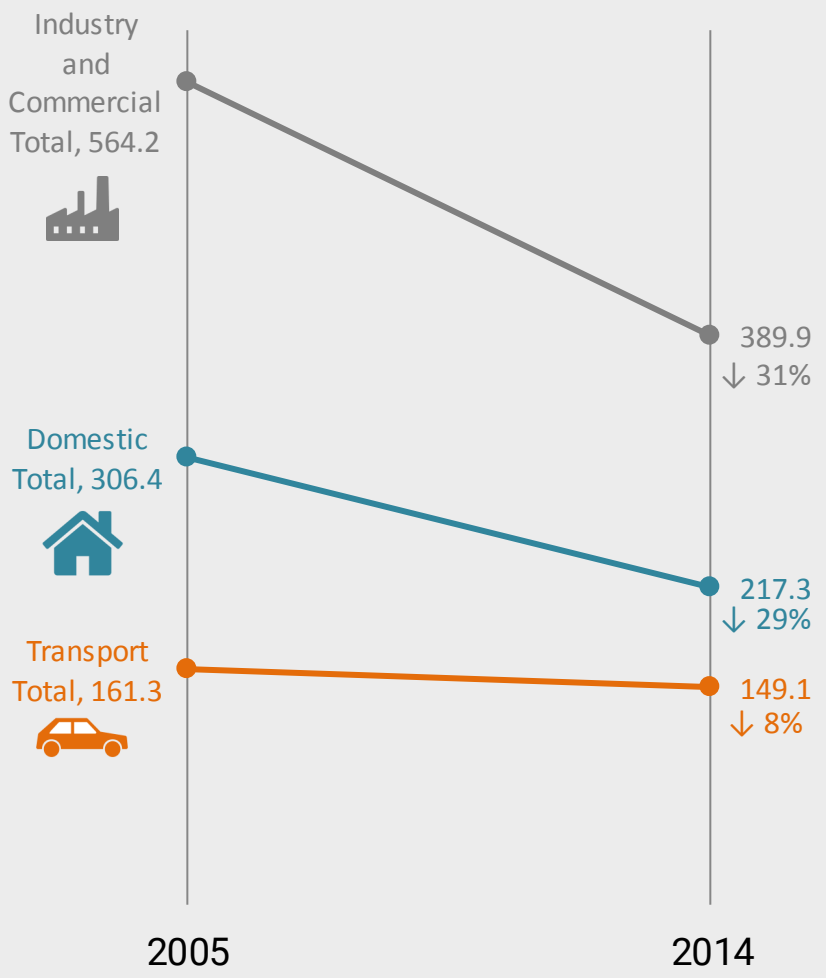
# Carbon emissions overall in Oxford reduced by 27% between 2005 and 2014

According to the latest carbon emissions data released by the Department for Energy and Climate Change (DECC), overall emissions in Oxford have fallen from all sources – commercial, domestic, and transport – since 2005. Drops in both home gas and energy use have resulted in a 29% reduction in domestic carbon emissions. The DECC data highlights the need for an improved low carbon transport system, as that is the sector that has seen the least improvement over the last ten years. Oxford has lower per capita domestic emissions than the national and regional averages and lower than other fast growth cities.

Oxford City Council is a member of [Low Carbon Oxford](#), a network of 40 public/private organisations that aims to reduce citywide emissions by 40% of 2005 levels by 2020. The Council and the network are working to reduce overall carbon emissions by an average annual reduction of 3% to meet the 40% reduction goal between now and 2020.

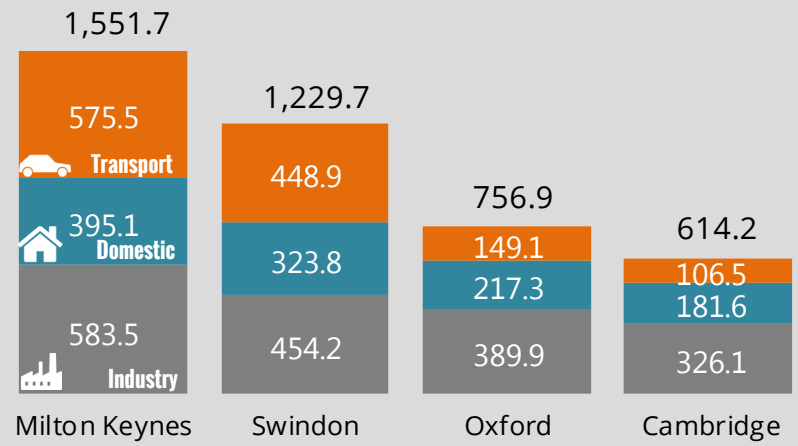
## Change in CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in Oxford, 2005 to 2014

estimated kilotonnes CO<sub>2</sub>



## Overall CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, 2014

estimated kilotonnes CO<sub>2</sub>



## Change in CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per capita, 2005 to 2014

tonnes per capita

